

	DAVIS346 Simultaneous events and frames	DVXplorer Lite Discover event- based vision	DVXplorer High resolution	DVXplorer Mini Lightweight and compact	DVXplorer S Duo Smart camera			
		•			00			
Event outp	out							
Spatial resolution	346 x 260	320 x 240	640 x 480	640 x 480	640 x 480			
Temporal resolution ¹	1 μs (output precision)	65 - 200 μs (effective accuracy, full event frame)						
Max. throughput	12 MEPS	100 MEPS	165 MEPS	450 MEPS	450 MEPS			
Typical latency ²	<1 ms	<1 ms	<1 ms	<1 ms	<1 ms			
Dynamic range	Approx. 120 dB (0.1-100k lux with 50% pixel response to 80% contrast)	Approx. 90 dB (3-100k lux with 99.9% of pixels respond to 27.5% contrast) Approx. 110 dB (0.3-100k lux with 50% of pixels respond to 80% contrast)						
Contrast Sensitivity	14.3% (on), 22.5% (off) (with 50% pixel response)	13% (with 50% of pixels respond), 27.5% (with 99.9% of pixels respond)						
Pixel pitch	18.5 µm	18 µm	9 µm	9 µm	9 µm			
Frame out	put							
Spatial resolution	346 x 260		Up to full HD					
Frame rate	Up to 40 fps		Up to 120 fps					
Dynamic range	55 dB		71.4 dB					
FPN	4.2 %	The camera doe However, similar inte	ТВА					
Dark signal	18000 e⁻/s	event output by our DV software. ³ TBA TBA						
Readout noise	55 e-							
Pixel pitch	18.5 µm				ТВА			
Other feat	ures							
IMU		6-axis (Gyro + Accelerometer), up to 8 kHz sampling rate						
Mult-cam sync		camera time synchronization via daisy chain						
On-board processing			-		Nvidia Jetson Nano			



Other attributes	DAVIS346	DVXplorer Lite	DVXplorer	DVXplorer Mini	DVXplorer S Duo	
Dimensions [mm]	H 40 x W 60 x D 25			H 29 x W 29 x D 32	H 32 x W 80 x D 92	
Lens mount	CS-mount			S-mount (M12) with locking ring		
Mounting options	4-side Whitworth 1/4″-20 female and M3 mounting points			2- side Whitworth 1/4″-20 female and M3 mounting points		
Connectors	USB 3.0 micro B port with locking screws, fully isolated sync input and output connectors			USB 3.0 C port with locking screws	USB 3.0 C port with locking screws, Gigabit Ethernet with PoE, Mini-HDMI	
Case material	Anodized aluminum	Engineering plastic (POM)	Anodized aluminum	Engineering plastic (POM) or anodized aluminum	Anodized aluminum	
Weight (without lens)	100 g	75 g	100 g	43 g (aluminum) 21 g (POM)	220 g	
Power consumption	<180 mA @ 5 VDC (USB)		ТВА			
Sensor technology	0.18 µm 1P6M MIM CIS					
Sensor supply voltage	1.8 V and 3.3 V	1.2 V, 1.8 V and 2.8 V				
Certifications		CE certified				

¹ The temporal resolution is characterized by the timestamp unit, which is the minimum time between timestamps. In practice, a timestamp unit of 1 µs offers a minimal real-world gain over timestamp units of 63-200 µs. For further explanation, please refer to our <u>white paper</u>.

² Nominal figure; can be improved with strong lighting/optimized biases.

³ Please view our <u>FAO</u> for further details.

DVS: <u>https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/4444573</u> P. Lichtsteiner, C. Posch and T. Delbruck, "A 128×128 120dB 15us Latency Asynchronous Temporal Contrast Vision Sensor", IEEE Journal of Solid State Circuits, 43(2) 566-576, 2008

DAVIS: <u>https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/6889103</u> C. Brandli, R. Berner, M. Yang, S.-C. Liu, and T. Delbruck, "A 240x180 130dB 3us Latency

Global Shutter Spatiotemporal Vision Sensor", IEEE Journal of Solid State Circuits, 49(10) 2333-2341, 2014.

DAVIS346 Limitations

- In APS GlobalShutter mode, bursts of DSV events can be caused by the capture of an APS frame.
- Due to bandwidth limitations, the DVS event output tends to follow a scanning pattern when under high load.
- The frame output has below average performance in terms of image quality compared to conventional image sensors.
- Color frames are not calibrated, and thus do not faithfully reproduce the real observed color.
- Event output can be destabilized if very strong light impacts a sensitive spot outside the photosensitive pixel array.